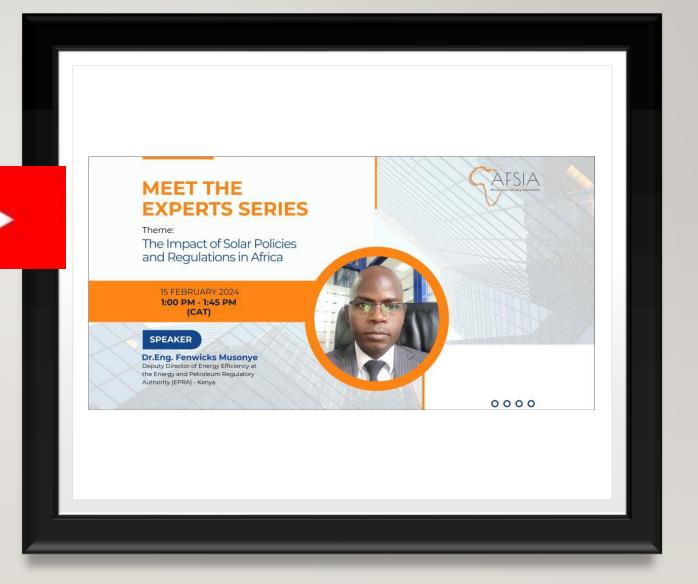


MEET THE EXPERTS SERIES

"The Impact of Solar Policies and Regulations in Africa"



AFSIA distinguished members











AFSIA MEMBERS

































































































AFSIA services Member's resources and benefits



AFSIA has developed the most complete databases about solar in Africa.

These databases allow AFSIA members to make more informed and better business decisions.

Matchmaking & Networking

AFSIA helps its **members connect with potential partners** and generate new business opportunities.

Connection requests through AFSIA are generally faster and lead to a **higher acceptance rate**.

Events

AFSIA proposes a wide range of in person and online events covering trending topics and attracting large numbers of industry professionals. AFSIA events are widely recognized for their content quality and professional organization.

Visibility & Promotion

AFSIA has developed the largest community of solar professionals active in Africa.

AFSIA members get privileged access to and visibility throughout this online community.

Market Intelligence tools



This database provides the most complete and up-to-date list of tender opportunities for solar projects in Africa.



Company DB 11,000+ companies

Exclusive database with 42 filters based on location and type of activity.

AFSIA members identify new potential business partners and ask AFSIA for introductions whenever necessary.





Tenders DB
100+ live tenders at any time





Projects DB 20,000+ projects

The Africa Solar Outlook report is the industry's flagship report containing all essential information to conduct business in the African solar space.



AFSIA Reports
Africa Solar Outlook & PUE reports

Exclusive database with projects at different stages of development.

AFSIA members identify projects which represent a business opportunity and ask AFSIA for

intriductions whenever necessary.

afsiasolar.com

AFSIA EVENTS

AFSIA PRESENT AT PARTNER EVENTS

AFSIA EVENTS & ACTIVITIES 2024



23 JAN Africa Solar Outlook 2024 Launch



26 MAR Solar Training Tour Johannesbura



9 MAY 4-6 JUN PUE Catalog e-conference 2024 Launch 2024



Solar Training Tour Lagos - 21 MAY Cairo - 29 MAY



storage solutions



TBC 27 AUG Solar Training Solar Training Tour Tour Cape Town Accra

JUL-AUG

Digital Summer

Series





19-21 NOV **REFA** 2024



21 NOV AFSIA Solar Awards 2024



13 NOV Solar Training Tour Nairobi



JAN



5-7 MAR Indaba

16-18 APR Solar Power Africa Energy World Future Energy (Cape Town) (Cape Town) Summit (Abu Dhabi)

APR

WORLD FUTURE





28-29 MAY **ENLIT Africa** (Cape Town)



JUL





27-28 AUG Solar & Storage Live Africa (Cape Town)



OCT

18-21 OCT African Energy Week



NOV



(Cape Town)



POWER

7-9 FEB

Africa





18-20 MAR Solar & Storage Live Africa (Johannesburg)

AFRICA ENERGY INDABA





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Marketing & Visibility AFSIA Reach



45,000

+1,000 250,000 150

followers

month

impressions/month updates/month



Also "AFSIA en français" and "AFSIA em portugês"



100,000+

+2,000

solar professionals reach

month

26,9%

20,6%

0.1%

Average open rate

Average click rate

Average unsubscribes



85

20 and counting

articles in 2023

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Christian Community Management **Associate**



Aline Manager



Ange Market Intelligence Market Intelligence **Associate**



John **CEO**

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Omolara
Director of
Operations



Kersy Research Associate



Vestine
Digital Comms
Manager



Salim
Digital Comms
Associate



Eugénie Events Manager

MEET THE EXPERTS SERIES

Theme:

The Impact of Solar Policies and Regulations in Africa

15 FEBRUARY 2024 1:00 PM - 1:45 PM (CAT)

SPEAKER

Dr.Eng. Fenwicks Musonye

Deputy Director of Energy Efficiency at the Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) - Kenya



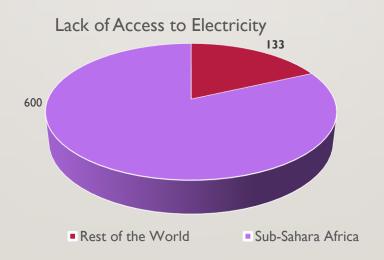


INTRODUCTION TO THE EXPERT

- Dr. Eng Musonye holds a BSc degree in Mechanical Engineering from University of Nairobi,
- An MSc and PhD degrees in Energy Technology from JKUAT (Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology) and a post graduate diploma in Project Management from KIM.
- He currently works for Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) as a Deputy Director Energy Efficiency.
- His specialization is in internal heat integration.
- His areas of expertise include energy auditing, energy management systems, appliance standards and labelling, curriculum development, project management, modelling and simulation, QMS, energy policy and economics.

- > Energy access is critical or is an indicator of economic development
- Remember the night light illumination of economic growth
- If you fly at night and look down below, you will see patches of light and economists agree that the lighting intensity correlates positively with variables of economic growth
- When you fly across populated areas in developed countries, you will see lights everywhere. This is sadly not the case with Africa

- World Bank reported in 2020 that 733 million people in the world lack access to electricity (note that access takes different dimensions)
- > Out of this number, sub-Sahara Africa contributes to 600 million. This makes 53 % of the region's population



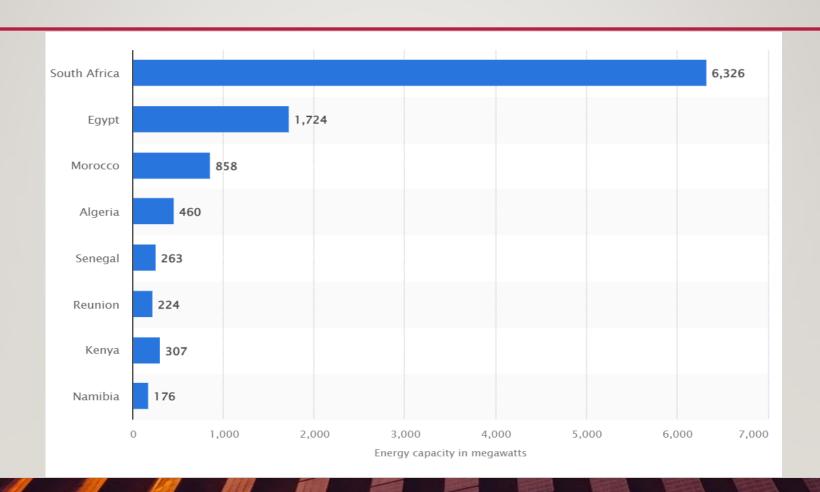
- > This shows that universal electricity access, left to the market forces, cannot be realized
- Governments and development partners have to intervene in the market, to achieve certain outcomes. How?



- From the diagram, we see that when we talk about policy instruments, we mean more than just incentives. Policy intervention influences different market variables, to ensure safe, secure, affordable and sustainable energy supply
- > The policy instruments have incentives and they could be fiscal or non-fiscal
- ➤ Policy instruments that use non-fiscal methods include standards, codes, guidelines and strategic plans. Other policy instruments like Acts of Parliament, by-laws and international agreements can have both fiscal and non-fiscal interventions

- African countries have been implementing these instruments to improve uptake of solar, as a decentralization solution
- These include use of feed-in-tariff, competitive bidding(auctions), net metering, VAT and import duty exemptions, project specific fiscal incentives (on turnkey projects) and licensing requirements for market players
- These interventions vary per country, are at different stages and have different challenges

Country	FiT	Auctions	Net Metering	Tax Incentives
Kenya	YES	NO	NO	YES
Mauritius	YES	YES	YES	NO
Namibia	YES	YES	YES	YES
Morocco	YES	NO	YES	NO
Senegal	YES	YES	YES	YES
South Africa	YES	YES	YES	YES
Uganda	YES	YES	NO	YES
Tunisia	YES	NO	YES	YES
Zambia	YES	YES	NO	YES



- South Africa and Egypt were among the earliest adopters of FiT and later on transitioned to auctions. This seems to have worked well with them
- Some countries still have implementation problems with net metering. Others have fixed minimum connection capacity to be high: Zimbabwe 100 kW, South Africa 100 kW, Namibia 500 kW.
- Some incentive schemes do not have a "sale by date", and this may not be useful in helping the market to mature. Data aggregation for decision making is also not done properly

